

Name: _____

Date: _____

Math 12 Honors: HW Section 3.4 Vieta's formula:

1. Given the roots, find the value of the coefficients without expanding:

a) $x^2 + bx + c = (x - 5)(x + 7)$	b) $ax^2 + bx + c = (2x + 5)(3x - 7)$
c) $x^3 + bx^2 + cx + d = (x - 2)(x + 3)(x - 4)$	d) $ax^3 + bx^2 + cx + d = (x - 3)^2(2x + 1)$
e) $x^4 + bx^3 + cx^2 + dx + e = (x - 3)(x + 3)(x - 5)(x + 5)$	f) $ax^4 + bx^3 + cx^2 + dx + e = (2x + 3)^2(x - 4)(x + 3)$

2. What is the sum of the squares of the roots of $4x^2 + 6x + 2 = 0$?

3. If three roots of $x^4 + Ax^2 + Bx + C = 0$ are -1, 2, and 3, then what is the value of $2C - AB$?

4. Given that the roots of $f(x) = x^3 - 4x^2 + 15x - 7$ are "a", "b", and "c", find the value of
- i) $a + b + c$ ii) $ab + bc + ac$ iii) $a \times b \times c$

5. Given that "a", "b", "c" and "d" are the roots of $f(x) = 3x^4 + 2x^3 - 7x^2 + 9x - 10$, find the value of $abc + abd + acd + bcd$

6. Given that "a", "b", and "c" are the roots of $f(x) = 3x^3 - 4x^2 + 5x + 7$ find the value of the following:
- i) $a + b + c$ ii) $a^2 + b^2 + c^2$ iii) $\frac{1}{a} + \frac{1}{b} + \frac{1}{c}$

7. What is the sum of the reciprocals of the 5 solutions to: $5x^5 + 4x^4 - 3x^3 + 2x^2 + x - 1 = 2000$?

8. What is the arithmetic mean of the four solutions of $x^4 - 28x^3 + 265x^2 - 1006x + 1560 = 0$?

9. The polynomial equation $x^3 - 6x^2 + 5x - 1 = 0$ has three real roots: a, b, and c. Determine the value of $a^5 + b^5 + c^5$.

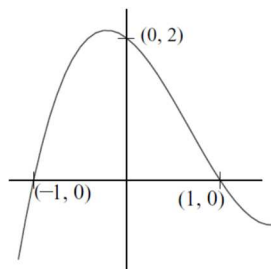
10. $f(x) = x^4 + 6x^3 + ax^2 - 54x + c$ has four real roots: r_1, r_2, r_3 , and r_4 such that $r_1 + r_2 = 0$ and $r_4 - r_3 = 4$. Find the values of coefficients "a" and "c". (AoPS)

11. Suppose $f(x) = x^3 - 5x^2 + 12x - 19$ with roots "a", "b", and "c", what is the value of $\frac{1}{ab} + \frac{1}{bc} + \frac{1}{ca}$?

12. Suppose $r_1, r_2, r_3, \dots, r_{20}$ are the roots of $f(x) = x^{20} - 19x + 2$. What is the value of $r_1^{20} + r_2^{20} + r_3^{20} + \dots + r_{20}^{20}$?

13. What is the sum of all the coefficients (including the constant term) in the polynomial expansion of $(x-1)(x-2)(x-3)(x-4) \times \dots \times (x-1996)(x-1997)$

14. Part of the graph of $y = f(x) = ax^3 + bx^2 + cx + d$ is shown. What is the value of "b"?



15. Challenge: Let “a”, “b”, and “c” be the roots of $x^3 + 3x^2 - 24x + 1 = 0$. Suppose all three roots are real, show that $\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{b} + \sqrt[3]{c} = 0$ (AoPS)

(2003 AMC 10A #18) What is the sum of the reciprocals of the roots of the equation

$$\frac{2003}{2004}x + 1 + \frac{1}{x} = 0?$$

(1991 MAΘ) Let r, s, t be the roots of $x^3 - 6x^2 + 5x - 7 = 0$. Find

$$\frac{1}{r^2} + \frac{1}{s^2} + \frac{1}{t^2}.$$

(1983 AIME) What is the product of the real roots of the equation

$$x^2 + 18x + 30 = 2\sqrt{x^2 + 18x + 45}?$$